Package: context (via r-universe)

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Title Contexts for evaluating R expressions Version 0.5.0 Description Contexts for evaluating R expressions. License MIT + file LICENSE LazyData true URL https://github.com/mrc-ide/context BugReports https://github.com/mrc-ide/context/issues **Depends** R (>= 3.2.0) **Imports** crayon, ids, storr (>= 1.1.1) Suggests callr, knitr, mockery, parallel, redux, rmarkdown, testthat, withr RoxygenNote 7.2.3 **Encoding** UTF-8 VignetteBuilder knitr Language en-GB Repository https://mrc-ide.r-universe.dev RemoteUrl https://github.com/mrc-ide/context RemoteRef master

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bulk_prepare_expression

Prepare many expressions

Description

Prepare many expressions

Usage

bulk_prepare_expression(X, FUN, DOTS, do_call, use_names, envir, db)

Х	Something to iterate over; a vector, list or data.frame (in the case of a data.frame, iteration will be row-by-row)
FUN	A function to apply to each element (or row) of X
DOTS	Additional arguments to apply with each elements of X
do_call	Treat each element of X as a do.call call
use_names	When preparing a data.frame, retain column names as argument names when using do_call. If FALSE then positional matching will be used.
envir	An environment to find variables local to the expression
db	A database to store locals

bulk_task_save Save bulk tasks

Description

Save bulk tasks

Usage

```
bulk_task_save(
    X,
    FUN,
    context,
    DOTS = NULL,
    do_call = FALSE,
    use_names = TRUE,
    envir = parent.frame(),
    depends_on = NULL
)
```

Arguments

Х	Something to iterate over; a vector, list or data.frame (in the case of a data.frame, iteration will be row-by-row)
FUN	A function to apply to each element (or row) of X
context	A context
DOTS	Additional arguments to apply with each elements of X
do_call	Treat each element of X as a do.call call
use_names	When preparing a data.frame, retain column names as argument names when using do_call. If FALSE then positional matching will be used.
envir	An environment to find variables local to the expression
depends_on	Optional task ids that this task depends on. To have all tasks depend on the same id(s) provide a vector. TO provide different dependencies for each task provide a list of lists. For example list(list("abcde", "12345"), list(), list("12345"))

context_list

List save contexts

Description

List saved contexts

Usage

```
context_list(db, named = FALSE, error = TRUE)
context_info(db, error = TRUE)
```

Arguments

db	Something for which a context database can be created; this can the path to the context, a context_root object, or a context object.
named	Logical, indicating if the context name should be used to name the output vector.
error	Throw an error if the context database cannot be connected constructed (e.g., if the path given does not exist).

Author(s)

Rich FitzJohn

<pre>context_load</pre>	Load a context		
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Description

Load a context

Usage

context_load(ctx, envir = .GlobalEnv, refresh = FALSE)

ctx	A context object, as read by context_read
envir	The environment to source files into
refresh	Refresh the context, even when it has been loaded already? Note that this may not always behave as expected because items not created by sourcing an R file will still be there from previous runs, and packages loaded will not be reloaded in a new order.

context_log

Description

Send an entry to the context log. This is designed primarily for use with packages that build off of context, so that they can log in a consistent way.

Usage

context_log(topic, value)

Arguments

topic	Up to 9 character text string with the log topic
value	Character string with the log entry

context_read Read a context

Description

Read a context

Usage

```
context_read(identifier, root, db = NULL)
```

identifier	Either the id or name of a context (see context_list)
root	Something interpretable as the context root; either
db	Optionally, a database (if known already)

context_root_get Find context root

Description

Find the context root. Designed for internal use

Usage

```
context_root_get(root, db = NULL)
```

Arguments

root	An object; either a character string (interpreted as a path), a context_root object (such as returned by this function) or a list/environment object with a root element that is a context_root object.
db	Optionally, a copy of the storr database (if already opened). Do not specify this unless you <i>definitely</i> have the correct database in hand.

ext_save Save a context

Description

Save a context

Usage

```
context_save(
   path,
   packages = NULL,
   sources = NULL,
   package_sources = NULL,
   envir = NULL,
   storage_type = NULL,
   storage_args = NULL,
   name = NULL,
   root_id = NULL
)
```

Arguments

path	Path to save the context in
packages	Optional character vector of packages to save into the context. Alternatively, can be a list with elements loaded and attached if you want to ensure some packages are loaded but not attached.
sources	Character vector of source files to read in. These should define functions and (perhaps) other "global" objects, but should not do any serious computation.
package_source	S
	Optional information about where to find non-CRAN packages, created by conan::conan_sources
envir	The current environment. This is used to copy <i>local</i> variables around. For context_load this is the environment into which the global environment is copied. Specify a non-global environment here to avoid clobbering the workspace, but at the risk that some environments may not restore exactly as desired. If this is used, then every new R session, running context_save will create a new context id.
storage_type	Character vector indicating the storage type to use. Options are "rds" (the de- fault) and "environment" (for testing and local use).
storage_args	Arguments passed through to the storage driver
name	An optional name for the context. This will be printed with the context in some situations (such as context_info)
root_id	Force a context root id. This is intended for advanced use only. By setting the root id, two contexts created with storage in different file locations (path) will get the same id. This is required for using a server-hosted database to share a context between different physical machines (or different docker containers). The id, if provided, must be compatible with ids::random_id() - i.e., a 32 character hex string. This option can be left alone in most situations.

last_loaded_context Return last loaded context

Description

Return the last loaded context

Usage

```
last_loaded_context(error = TRUE)
```

Arguments

error Throw an error if no context has been loaded

parallel_cluster_start

Start a sub-cluster

Description

Start a sub-cluster, using the parallel package. This will be available via either the return value of this function, the parallel_cluster function or by using cl = NULL with any of the parallel package functions. The cluster will be started so that it is ready to use the context.

Usage

```
parallel_cluster_start(n, ctx)
parallel_cluster_stop()
parallel_cluster()
```

Arguments

n	The number of nodes. No attempt at guessing this number is made as that is terribly error prone. If you're using this function you should know how many resources you have available.
ctx	The context to initialise on each cluster node.

prepare_expression Prepare expression

Description

Prepare expression for evaluation in context

Usage

```
prepare_expression(expr, envir, db, function_value = NULL)
```

expr	A quoted expression consisting of a single function call.
envir	An environment to find variables local to the expression
db	A database to store locals
function_value	Optionally, the <i>value</i> of a function where the expression should involve an anonymous function. In this case the function in expr will be replaced.

restore_locals

Details

The function_value argument here is used where expr is going to take a function that is not addressable by *name*; in that case we take a function itself (as "function_value"), serialise it and replace the function call with the hash. The function will be serialised into the calling environment on deserialisation.

This includes the remote possibility of a collision, but with the size of the keyspace used for hashes hopefully it's negligible.

Because of the approach used here, expr can contain anything; I'd suggest not saving the contents of the function itself, but something like NULL will work just fine:

```
as.call(list(NULL, quote(a)))
# NULL(a)
```

restore_locals Restore locals

Description

Restore locals created by prepare_expression.

Usage

restore_locals(dat, parent, db)

Arguments

An expression that has been through prepare_expression. Key elements are
function_hash and objects
The parent environment to restore locals to
The database used to prepare the expression

task_context_id Find context for a task

Description

Find the context id associated with a task

Usage

task_context_id(ids, db)

ids	Vector of task ids
db	Something that can be converted to a context db object (a database, root or
	context).

task_delete

Description

Delete a task, including its results.

Usage

task_delete(ids, root)

Arguments

ids	Vector of task ids
root	A context root (not just the db as in task_result as we need to know the actual path to the root). A context object is also OK.

Value

TRUE if a task was actually deleted.

task_deps	Task dependencies	

Description

Task dependencies

Usage

```
task_deps(ids, db, named = FALSE)
```

ids	Vector of task ids
db	Something that can be converted to a context db object (a database, root or context).
named	Name the output with the task ids?

task_exists

List tasks

Description

List tasks and test if they exist

Usage

task_exists(ids, db)

task_list(db)

Arguments

ids	Vector of task ids
db	Something that can be converted to a context db object (a database, root or context).

task_expr Fetch task expression

Description

Fetch expression for a task

Usage

```
task_expr(id, db, locals = FALSE)
```

id	Single task identifier
db	Something that can be converted to a context db object (a database, root or context).
locals	Return locals bound to the expression (as an attribute "locals")

task_function_name Fetch task function name

Description

Fetch function name for a task

Usage

task_function_name(ids, db)

Arguments

ids	Vector of task ids
db	Something that can be converted to a context db object (a database, root or context).

task_log Return task log

Description

Return the log of a task, if enabled.

Usage

task_log(id, root, parse = TRUE)

Arguments

id	Single task identifier
root	A context root (not just the db as in task_result as we need to know the actual path to the root). A context object is also OK.
parse	Parse the log output into a context_log object, which will pretty print and can be more easily inspected. If FALSE then the raw log will be returned as a character vector, one element per line of text

Details

The returned object is of class task_log, which has a print method that will nicely display. Output is grouped into phases.

task_reset

Description

Reset tasks

Usage

task_reset(id, context)

Arguments

id	A vector of task identifiers
context	A context object

task_result	Fetch task result	

Description

Fetch result from completed task.

Usage

task_result(id, db, allow_incomplete = FALSE)

Arguments

id	Single task identifier
db	Something that can be converted to a context db object (a database, root or context).

allow_incomplete

Should we avoid throwing an error if a task is not completed? Used internally, and not generally needed.

task_run

Description

Run a task

Usage

```
task_run(id, context, filename = NULL)
```

Arguments

id	A task identifier
context	A context object
filename	Filename to log <i>all</i> output to. This will sink the message stream as well as the output stream, so if specified (i.e., is non-NULL) then this function will apparently print no output to the console, which will make debugging more difficult when run interactively. However, when run non-interactively, especially on remote servers, this will allow collection of diagnostics that facilitate debugging.

task_run_external	Run a task in separate process

Description

Run a task in a separate process, using [callr::r]. Unlike [context::task_run] this does not return the value, and is called for the side effect of writing to the context.

Usage

```
task_run_external(root, identifier, task_id, path_log)
```

root	Something interpretable as the context root; either
identifier	Either the id or name of a context (see context_list)
task_id	A task identifier
path_log	Path to log file

task_save

Description

Save and reload tasks. Tasks consist of an expression bound to a context.

Usage

```
task_save(expr, context, envir = parent.frame(), depends_on = NULL)
```

Arguments

expr	An expression to save
context	A context object
envir	Passed through to context_save when locating local variables.
depends_on	Optional vector of task ids that this task depends on

Value

An identifier that can be used to retrieve or run the task later. This is simply a short string.

task_status Task status

Description

Task status

Usage

```
task_status(ids, db, named = FALSE)
```

ids	Vector of task ids
db	Something that can be converted to a context db object (a database, root or context).
named	Name the output with the task ids?

task_times

Description

Fetch times taken to queue, run, and since running a task.

Usage

task_times(ids, db, unit_elapsed = "secs", sorted = TRUE)

Arguments

ids	Vector of task ids
db	Something that can be converted to a context db object (a database, root or context).
unit_elapsed	Elapsed time unit. The default is "secs". This is passed to the as.numeric method of a difftime object.
sorted	Sort the output in terms of submitted time? If FALSE then the output is sorted based on task ids.

Author(s)

Rich FitzJohn

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